

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: 2116606 Issue date: 19.01.2018 Revision date: 18.12.2023 Version: 1.1

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification	
Product form Substance name CAS-No. Product code Formula Synonyms Other means of identification	<ul> <li>Substance</li> <li>Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride</li> <li>678-77-3</li> <li>2116-6-06</li> <li>C5Cl2F6O2</li> <li>Perfluoroglutaryl chloride</li> <li>MFCD00039309</li> </ul>
1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on	use
Use of the substance/mixture	: Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development
1.3. Supplier	
SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. Inc. P.O. Box 309 Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615 United States of America T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097 info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com	
1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification	: (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)
2.1. Classification of the substance or mixt	ure
GHS US classification Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Cat Respiratory tract irritation Full text of H statements : see section 16	H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H318 Causes serious eye damage egory 3, H335 May cause respiratory irritation
2.2. GHS Label elements, including precau	tionary statements

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)

:		
:	Danger	

Signal word (GHS US) Hazard statements (GHS US)

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

- : H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation : P260 - Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling
  - P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

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P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in class	ssification
Other hazards which do not result in classification :	Lachrymator.
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)	
No additional information available	

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

#### 3.1. Substances

Substance type

: Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 678-77-3		Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effect	ts (acute and delayed)

 Symptoms/effects
 : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

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: Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

### 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures		
5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.	
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical		
Fire hazard Explosion hazard	<ul> <li>Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Hydrogen fluoride.</li> <li>Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.</li> </ul>	
5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters		
Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	<ul> <li>In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.</li> <li>Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".</li> </ul>	

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel		
Emergency procedures	: Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.	
6.1.2. For emergency responders		
Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".	
Emergency procedures	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.	

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
For containment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion- proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.
Other information	: For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".
6.4. Reference to other sections	

No additional information available

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage		
7.1. Precautions for safe handling		
Precautions for safe handling Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.</li> <li>Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.</li> </ul>	
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	ding any incompatibilities	
Technical measures Storage conditions Incompatible materials Storage area	<ul> <li>Comply with applicable regulations.</li> <li>Keep container closed when not in use. Moisture sensitive. Keep contents under inert gas.</li> <li>Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.</li> <li>Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.</li> </ul>	

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-3)	
No additional information available	
8.2. Appropriate engineering controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Hand protection:

protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### **Respiratory protection:**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

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#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: No data available
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 111 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1,64 g/ml (@ 20 °C)
Molecular mass	: 276,949 g/mol
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

Refractive index

: 1,354 (@ 20 °C)

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts violently with water. Reacts with water, generates gases or heat. Reacts on exposure to water with some metals to release highly explosive/flammable hydrogen gas.

#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

**10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions** 

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Moisture.

**10.5. Incompatible materials** 

Alcohols. Bases. Oxidizing agents. Water.

**10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** 

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

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### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological eff	ects
Acute toxicity (oral)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	: Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation)	: Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
STOT-single exposure	: May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Symptoms/effects	: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-	3)
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-	3)
Bioaccumulative potential	Perfluorinated alkanes (PFAs, "forever chemicals") are long lasting, widely used chemicals that break down slowly over time. The potential hazards of PFAs are under investigation and have not been established.
12.4. Mobility in soil	
No additional information available	

**12.5. Other adverse effects** 

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations	
13.1. Disposal methods	
Waste treatment methods	: Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.
Sewage disposal recommendations	: See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

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Additional information	: Recycle the material as far as possible.
Ecology - waste materials	: This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the
	environment. Do not discharge into drains. Take all necessary measures to prevent accidental
	discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer
	systems, or emergency response.

SECTION 14: Transport information	
14.1. UN number	
DOT NA No UN-No. (TDG) UN-No. (IMDG) UN-No. (IATA)	: UN3265 : Not applicable : 3265 : 3265
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) Proper Shipping Name (TDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	<ul> <li>Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.</li> <li>Not applicable</li> <li>CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.</li> <li>Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.</li> </ul>
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 : 8 CORROSTVE
TDG Transport hazard class(es) (TDG)	: Not applicable
IMDG Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) Hazard labels (IMDG)	: 8 : 8
IATA Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) Hazard labels (IATA)	: 8 : 8 
14.4. Packing group	
Packing group (DOT) Packing group (TDG) Packing group (IMDG) Packing group (IATA)	: II : Not applicable : II : II

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14.5. Environmental hazards	
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
14.6. Special precautions for user	
DOT UN-No.(DOT) DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	<ul> <li>UN3265</li> <li>148 - Except for transportation by aircraft, when transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in §173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).</li> <li>B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.</li> <li>IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.</li> <li>TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, ff is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (ff) and the maximum mean bulk transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.</li> <li>TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178 275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP</li> </ul>
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) DOT Vessel Stowage Location	<ul> <li>30 L</li> <li>B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on</li> </ul>
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	<ul> <li>passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.</li> <li>40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"</li> </ul>
<b>TDG</b> No data available	
IMDG Special provision (IMDG) Limited quantities (IMDG) Excepted quantities (IMDG) Packing instructions (IMDG) IBC packing instructions (IMDG) Tank instructions (IMDG) Tank special provisions (IMDG) EmS-No. (Fire) EmS-No. (Spillage) Stowage category (IMDG)	<ul> <li>274</li> <li>1 L</li> <li>E2</li> <li>P001</li> <li>IBC02</li> <li>T11</li> <li>TP2, TP27</li> <li>F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE</li> <li>S-B - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Bravo - CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES</li> <li>B</li> </ul>
IATA PCA Excepted quantities (IATA)	: E2

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PCA Limited quantities (IATA)	:	Y840
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA)	:	0.5L
PCA packing instructions (IATA)	:	851
PCA max net quantity (IATA)	:	1L
CAO packing instructions (IATA)	:	855
CAO max net quantity (IATA)	:	30L
Special provision (IATA)	:	A3, A803
ERG code (IATA)	:	8L

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **15.1. US Federal regulations**

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

**15.2. International regulations** 

#### CANADA

Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-3)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-3)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

National regulations

Hexafluoroglutaryl chloride (678-77-3)

Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Full text of H-phrases		
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	
NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.		
NFPA fire hazard : 1 - Materials that must be preheated before ignition can occur.		

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 NFPA reactivity
 : 2 - Materials that readily undergo violent chemical change at elevated temperatures and pressures.

 Hazard Rating
 : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

 Flammability
 : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)

 Physical
 : 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA