

#### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: 2121318 Issue date: 06.05.2016 Revision date: 18.12.2023 Version: 1.1

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid
Chemical name	: perfluorooctanoic acid
CAS-No.	: 335-67-1
Product code	: 2121-3-18
Formula	: C8HF15O2
Synonyms	<ul> <li>Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid; Pentadecafluoro-n-octanoic acid; Perfluorocaprylic acid; Perfluoroheptanecarboxylic acid; PFOA; 2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6,7,7,8,8,8-Pentadecafluorooctanoic acid</li> </ul>
Other means of identification	: MFCD00004174

Use of the substance/mixture

: Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development

#### 1.3. Supplier

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. Inc. P.O. Box 309 Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615 United States of America T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097 info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

#### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number

: (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	H302	Harmful if swallowed
Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4	H332	Harmful if inhaled
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	H318	Causes serious eye damage
Carcinogenicity Category 2	H351	Suspected of causing cancer
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B	H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
Reproductive toxicity, Additional category, Effects on or via lactation	H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1	H372	Causes damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated
		exposure
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Category 3	H402	Harmful to aquatic life
Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard Category 3	H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Full text of H statements : see section 16		

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#### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger Hazard statements (GHS US) · H302+H332 - Harmful if swallowed or if inhaled H315 - Causes skin irritation H318 - Causes serious eye damage H351 - Suspected of causing cancer H360 - May damage fertility or the unborn child H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children H372 - Causes damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P260 - Do not breathe dust, mist, spray. P263 - Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label) P330 - Rinse mouth. P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. P405 - Store locked up. P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

#### No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Substance type

: Mono-constituent

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Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 335-67-1	≤ 100	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Carc. 2, H351 Repr. 1B, H360 Lact., H362 STOT RE 1, H372 Aquatic Acute 3, H402 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures		
4.1. Description of first aid measures		
First-aid measures general	: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.	
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)		
Symptoms/effects	: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.	
4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary		
Treat symptomatically.		

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media		
5.2. Specific hazards arising from the ch	emical	
Fire hazard	: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride.	
5.3. Special protective equipment and pr	e (and unsuitable) extinguishing media         guishing media       : Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.         c hazards arising from the chemical       : Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride.         I protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters       : In case of fire: Evacuate area.	
Firefighting instructions Protection during firefighting	: Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing	

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# SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into drains, sewers, waterways, or soil. Do not use where release to drains (sewer) and/or surface water cannot be prevented.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	
For containment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into drains, sewers, waterways, or soil. Do not use where release to drains (sewer) and/or surface water cannot be prevented.
Methods for cleaning up	: Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion- proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.
Other information	: For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".
6.4. Reference to other sections	

No additional information available

# SECTION 7: Handling and storage 7.1. Precautions for safe handling No additional information available 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store ONLY in areas where release to drains (sewer) and/or surface water can be prevented. This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical".

sewers or public waters.

Any possible release to the environment must be prevented. Notify authorities if product enters

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1) No additional information available 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

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#### 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Hand protection:

protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

#### **Respiratory protection:**

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical	oroperties
9.1. Information on basic physical and c	hemical properties
Physical state	: Solid
Color	: No data available
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: 59 – 60 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 189 °C (@ 736 mm Hg)
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Molecular mass	: 414,07 g/mol
Solubility	: No data available
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

No additional information available

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity	
10.1. Reactivity	
No additional information available	
10.2. Chemical stability	
The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.	
10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions	
No additional information available	
10.4. Conditions to avoid	
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.	
10.5. Incompatible materials	
Bases. Oxidizing agents. Reducing agents.	

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on toxicological effects		
Acute toxicity (dermal) Acute toxicity (inhalation) Skin corrosion/irritation Serious eye damage/irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization	<ul> <li>Harmful if swallowed.</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Harmful if inhaled.</li> <li>Causes skin irritation.</li> <li>Causes serious eye damage.</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Suspected of causing cancer.</li> </ul>	
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)		
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans	
In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list	Yes	
STOT-single exposure STOT-repeated exposure Aspiration hazard Viscosity, kinematic	<ul> <li>May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause harm to breast-fed children.</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Causes damage to organs (liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.</li> <li>Not classified</li> <li>Not data available</li> <li>The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.</li> </ul>	

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

#### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

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12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Not readily biodegradable. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Perfluorinated alkanes (PFAs, "forever chemicals") are long lasting, widely used chemicals that break down slowly over time. The potential hazards of PFAs are under investigation and have not been established.	
12.4. Mobility in soil		
No additional information available		

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

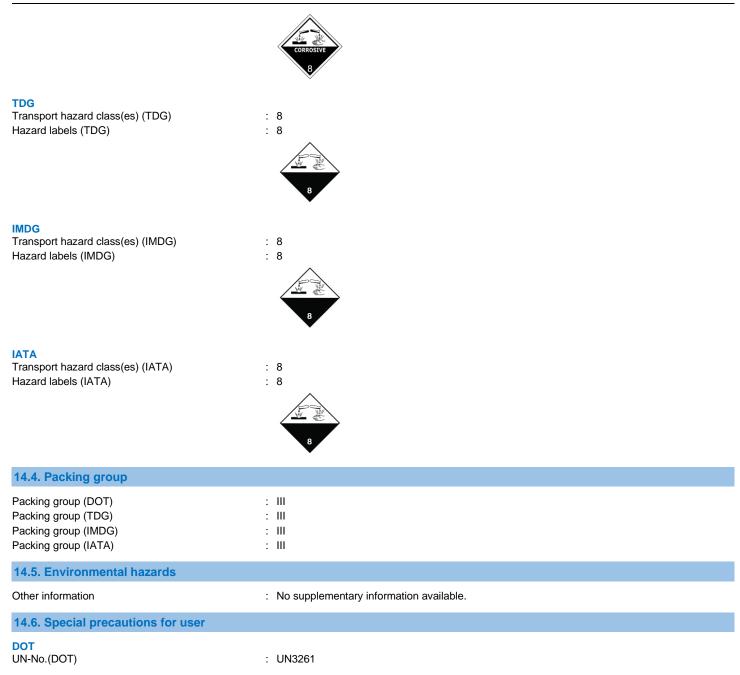
SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Disposal methods		
Waste treatment methods	: Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.	
Sewage disposal recommendations	: See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.	
Additional information	: Recycle the material as far as possible.	
Ecology - waste materials	: This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the	
	environment. Do not discharge into drains. Take all necessary measures to prevent accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer	

systems, or emergency response.

SECTION 14: Transport informatio	n
14.1. UN number	
DOT NA No UN-No. (TDG) UN-No. (IMDG) UN-No. (IATA)	: UN3261 : UN3261 : 3261 : 3261
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) Proper Shipping Name (TDG) Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	<ul> <li>Corrosive solid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.</li> </ul>
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
DOT Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 : 8

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	<ul> <li>IB8 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2).</li> <li>IP3 - Flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner.</li> <li>T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal 178.275(d)(2)</li> <li>TP33 - The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness, maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.</li> </ul>
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 154
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 213
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	240
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49	
CFR 173.27)	•
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49	: 100 kg
CFR 175.75)	
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.
TDG	
UN-No. (TDG)	: UN3261
TDG Special Provisions	<ul> <li>16 - 1) The technical name of the most dangerous substance related to the primary class must be shown, in parentheses, on the shipping document following the shipping name in accordance with clause 3.5(1)(c)(i)(A) of Part 3, Documentation. The technical name must also be shown, in parentheses, on a small means of containment or on a tag following the shipping name in accordance with subsections 4.11(2) and (3) of Part 4, Dangerous Goods Safety Marks.</li> <li>2) subsection (1), the technical name for the following dangerous goods is not required to be shown on a shipping document or on a small means of containment when Canadian law for domestic transport or an international convention for international transport prohibits the disclosure of the technical: a) UN1544, ALKALOID SALTS, SOLID, N.O.S. or ALKALOIDS, SOLID, N.O.S; b) UN1851, MEDICINE, LIQUID, TOXIC, N.O.S; c) UN3140, ALKALOID SALTS, LIQUID, N.O.S; or e) UN3249, MEDICINE, SOLID, TOXIC, N.O.S. An example in Canada is the "Food and Drugs Act".</li> </ul>
Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index	: 5 kg
Excepted quantities (TDG)	: E1
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger Carrying Railway Vehicle Index	: 25 kg
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	: 154
IMDG	
Special provision (IMDG)	: 223, 274
Limited quantities (IMDG)	: 5 kg
Excepted quantities (IMDG)	: E1
Packing instructions (IMDG)	: P002, LP02
IBC packing instructions (IMDG)	: IBC08
IBC special provisions (IMDG)	: B3
Tank instructions (IMDG)	: T1
Tank special provisions (IMDG)	: TP33

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EmS-No. (Fire) EmS-No. (Spillage) Stowage category (IMDG) Segregation (IMDG) Properties and observations (IMDG)	<ul> <li>F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE</li> <li>S-B - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Bravo - CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES</li> <li>A</li> <li>SGG1, SG36, SG49</li> <li>Causes burns to skin, eyes and mucous membranes.</li> </ul>
IATA PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) PCA Limited quantities (IATA) PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) PCA packing instructions (IATA) PCA max net quantity (IATA) CAO packing instructions (IATA) CAO max net quantity (IATA) Special provision (IATA) ERG code (IATA)	: E1 : Y845 : 5kg : 860 : 25kg : 864 : 100kg : A3, A803 : 8L

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

#### Not applicable

#### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### **15.1. US Federal regulations**

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

#### **15.2. International regulations**

#### CANADA

Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

#### **EU-Regulations**

Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

#### National regulations

#### Perfluoro-n-octanoic acid (335-67-1)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on KECL/KECI (Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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: 18.12.2023
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conditions.

Full text of I	H-phrases	
H302	Harmful if swallowed	
H315	Causes skin irritation	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H332	Harmful if inhaled	
H351	Suspected of causing cancer	
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child	
H362	May cause harm to breast-fed children	
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	
H402	Harmful to aquatic life	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects	
NFPA health NFPA fire haz	permanent injury.	

NFPA reactivity

Hazard Rating Health

Flammability

Physical

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given

: \* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure

: 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire

- : 0 Minimal Hazard Materials that will not burn
- : 0 Minimal Hazard Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA