

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: 5181704

Issue date: 16.03.2018 Revision date: 18.12.2023 Version: 1.1

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1. Identification

Product form Substance

1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane Substance name

CAS-No. 73609-36-6 Product code : 5181-7-04 Formula : C9H7Cl2F13Si

Synonyms : Dichloro(methyl)-1H,1H,2H,2H-perfluorooctylsilane

Other means of identification : MFCD00042360

#### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemicals

Manufacture of substances

Scientific research and development

#### 1.3. Supplier

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. Inc.

P.O. Box 309

Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615 United States of America

T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097

info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number

: (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069) Emergency number

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 3 H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 Causes serious eve damage Specific target organ toxicity - Single exposure, Category 3, H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Respiratory tract irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

## 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 - Causes serious eye damage H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

 P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 - Keep container tightly closed.

P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment

P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

#### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Lachrymator. Reacts violently with water. Stench.

#### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 73609-36-6	≤ 100	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

## 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.

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First-aid measures after eye contact

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First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get immediate

medical advice/attention.

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth

out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2)

and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

## 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

## 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. Silicon

oxides.

Explosion hazard : Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed

containers. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

#### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing

apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Do not breathe gas, fumes,

vapor or spray.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer

to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level. Consider the risk of potentially explosive atmospheres. Eliminate every possible source of

ignition.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

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#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.

Methods for cleaning up

: Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosionproof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into

appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.

Other information

: For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13: "Disposal considerations".

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed Precautions for safe handling

- : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.
- Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep away from ignition sources (including static discharges). Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only non-sparking tools.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

: Keep container closed when not in use. Keep away from ignition sources. Moisture sensitive.

Keep contents under inert gas.

Incompatible materials

Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.

Storage area

Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

### 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (73609-36-6)

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

### Hand protection:

protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

# Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

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#### Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









#### Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Color : No data available
Odor : No data available
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : 76 °C (@ 12 mm Hg)

Flash point : 51 °C

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) No data available Flammability (solid, gas) No data available : No data available Vapor pressure Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available Density : 1,55 g/ml (@ 25 °C) Molecular mass : 461,123 g/mol : No data available Solubility Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available : No data available **Explosion limits** Explosive properties : No data available

## 9.2. Other information

Oxidizing properties

Refractive index : 1,35 (@ 20  $^{\circ}$ C)

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with water, generates gases or heat. Reacts on exposure to water with some metals to release highly explosive/flammable hydrogen gas.

: No data available

## 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

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## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

## 10.5. Incompatible materials

Bases. Oxidizing agents. Water.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Symptoms/effects : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2)

and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

## 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (73609-36-6)

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. PBT Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

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## 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (73609-36-6)

Bioaccumulative potential

Perfluorinated alkanes (PFAs, "forever chemicals") are long lasting, widely used chemicals that break down slowly over time. The potential hazards of PFAs are under investigation and have not been established.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

Additional information

Ecology - waste materials

- : Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.
- : See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.
- : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
- : Recycle the material as far as possible.
- : This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains. Take all necessary measures to prevent accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems, or emergency response.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## 14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN2986 UN-No. (TDG) : Not applicable UN-No. (IMDG) : 2986 UN-No. (IATA) : 2986

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Chlorosilanes, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not applicable

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CHLOROSILANES, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Chlorosilanes, corrosive, flammable, n.o.s.

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

#### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 (3) Hazard labels (DOT) : 8, 3





#### **TDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

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#### **IMDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 8 (3) Hazard labels (IMDG) : 8, 3



#### **IATA**

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8 (3) Hazard labels (IATA) : 8, 3



### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : I

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IMDG) : II
Packing group (IATA) : II

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2986

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal............ 178.275(d)(3)

T14 - 6 6 mm Prohibited 178.275(g)(3).

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP7 - The vapor space must be purged of air by nitrogen or other means.

TP13 - Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is

ransported by sea

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 206
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 243
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : Forbidden

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : C - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

: 30 L

#### TDG

No data available

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#### **IMDG**

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 0

Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E0

Packing instructions (IMDG) : P010

Tank instructions (IMDG) : T14

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP2, TP7, TP13, TP27

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-C - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Charlie - FLAMMABLE CORROSIVE LIQUIDS

Stowage category (IMDG) : C

#### **IATA**

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E0 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Forbidden PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : Forbidden PCA packing instructions (IATA) : Forbidden PCA max net quantity (IATA) Forbidden CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 876 : 30L CAO max net quantity (IATA) Special provision (IATA) : A1 ERG code (IATA) : 8F

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

# 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane CAS-No. 73609-36-6 100%

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

No additional information available

#### **EU-Regulations**

## 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (73609-36-6)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

## **National regulations**

#### 1H,1H,2H,2H-Perfluorooctylmethyldichlorosilane (73609-36-6)

Listed introduction on Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (AICIS Inventory)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the TCSI (Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory)

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

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#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

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Full text of H-phrases		
H226	Flammable liquid and vapor	
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage	
H318	Causes serious eye damage	
H335	May cause respiratory irritation	

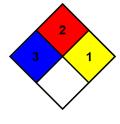
NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or

permanent injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 2 - Materials that must be moderately heated or exposed to relatively high ambient temperatures before ignition can occur.

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become

unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

NFPA reactivity

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials which must be moderately heated or exposed to high ambient temperatures before ignition will occur. Includes liquids having a flash point at or above 100 F

but below 200 F. (Classes II IIIA)

: 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous

polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Physical

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA