

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SDS ID: 6162209

Issue date: 02.11.2016 Revision date: 18.12.2023 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : 11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride

CAS-No. : 4628-44-8
Product code : 6162-2-09
Formula : C11F22O6S

Synonyms : 2,3,3,3-Tetrafluoro-2-(1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-{1,1,2,3,3,3-hexafluoro-2-[1,1,2,2-tetrafluoro-2-

(fluorosulfonyl)ethoxy]propoxy)propoxy)propanoyl fluoride

Other means of identification : MFCD19442173

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemicals

Manufacture of substances

Scientific research and development

1.3. Supplier

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. Inc.

P.O. Box 309

Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615 United States of America

T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097

info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4 H312 Harmful in contact with skin
Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1 H318 Causes serious eye damage
Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, H335 May cause respiratory irritation

Respiratory tract irritation

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)





Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

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Hazard statements (GHS US) : H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell

P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

 ${\tt P303+P361+P353-If\ on\ skin\ (or\ hair):\ Take\ off\ immediately\ all\ contaminated\ clothing.\ Rinse}$

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

P330 - Rinse mouth.

P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

Other hazards which do not result in classification : Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 4628-44-8	≤ 100	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

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SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

First-aid measures after inhalation

: In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where

possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of skin

> contact, wearing rubber gloves rub 2.5% calcium gluconate gel continuously into the affected area for 1.5 hours or until further medical care is available. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth

out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms

Symptoms/effects

: Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2)

and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media

appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard

: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Sulfur oxides.

Explosion hazard

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions

: In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting

Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray.

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6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer

to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground

level.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion-

proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.

Other information : For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good

ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal

protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or

smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use. Moisture sensitive. Keep contents under inert gas.

Incompatible materials : Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.

Information on mixed storage : Do not store with: Acids.

Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride (4628-44-8)

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

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8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



Color







: No data available

: No data available

Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Odor : No data available Odor threshold No data available No data available рΗ No data available Melting point Freezing point No data available Boiling point No data available Flash point No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available Molecular mass 678,14 g/mol Solubility No data available No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) Auto-ignition temperature No data available Decomposition temperature No data available No data available Viscosity, kinematic Viscosity, dynamic No data available **Explosion limits** No data available Explosive properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

Oxidizing properties

No additional information available

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with water, generates gases or heat. Reacts on exposure to water with some metals to release highly explosive/flammable hydrogen gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Glass. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Harmful if swallowed. Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful in contact with skin. Acute toxicity (dermal)

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Harmful if inhaled.

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns. Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified

: May cause respiratory irritation. STOT-single exposure

STOT-repeated exposure Not classified Aspiration hazard Not classified Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Potential Adverse human health effects and

: Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys). symptoms

Symptoms/effects The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2)

and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

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12.2. Persistence and degradability

11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride (4628-44-8)

Persistence and degradability

Not readily biodegradable. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. PBT -

Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride (4628-44-8)

Bioaccumulative potential Perfluorinated alkanes (PFAs, "forever chemicals") are long lasting, widely used chemicals that break down slowly over time. The potential hazards of PFAs are under investigation and have

not been established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

Additional information

Ecology - waste materials

- : Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.
- : See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.
- : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
- : Recycle the material as far as possible.
- : This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains. Take all necessary measures to prevent accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems, or emergency response.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

DOT NA No : UN3265 UN-No. (TDG) : Not applicable

UN-No. (IMDG) : 3265 UN-No. (IATA) : 3265

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : Not applicable

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8
Hazard labels (DOT) : 8

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TDG

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not applicable

IMDG

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 8
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 8



IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 8
Hazard labels (IATA) : 8



14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : III

Packing group (TDG) : Not applicable

Packing group (IMDG) : III
Packing group (IATA) : III

14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN3265

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DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: 386 - Notwithstanding the provisions of §177.834(I) of this subchapter, cargo heaters may be used when weather conditions are such that the freezing of a wetted explosive material is likely. Shipments must be made by private, leased or contract carrier vehicles under exclusive use of the offeror. Cargo heaters must be reverse refrigeration (heat pump) units. Shipments made in accordance with this Special provision are excepted from the requirements of §173.60(b)(4) of this subchapter.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154 DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 203 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) 241 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 5 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

: 60 L

: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters" **DOT Vessel Stowage Other**

TDG

No data available

IMDG

Special provision (IMDG) : 223, 274 Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L : E1 Excepted quantities (IMDG) Packing instructions (IMDG) : P001, LP01 IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03 Tank instructions (IMDG) : T7 Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP28

: F-A - FIRE SCHEDULE Alfa - GENERAL FIRE SCHEDULE EmS-No. (Fire) : S-B - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Bravo - CORROSIVE SUBSTANCES EmS-No. (Spillage)

Stowage category (IMDG) : A

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1 PCA Limited quantities (IATA) Y841 PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L PCA packing instructions (IATA) 852 PCA max net quantity (IATA) 5L : 856 CAO packing instructions (IATA) CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L Special provision (IATA) : A3, A803 ERG code (IATA) 8L

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14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory, except for:

() 7, 1		
11-Fluorosulfonylperfluoro(2,5,8-trimethyl-3,6,9-	CAS-No. 4628-44-8	100%
trioxaundecanoyl)fluoride		

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

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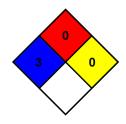
Full text of H-phrases	
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and

nd.

 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



Hazard Rating

NFPA reactivity

NFPA fire hazard

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Health

: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

Flammability

: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA