

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: 6362203

Issue date: 14.08.2017 Revision date: 18.12.2023 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Substance

Substance name : Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride

CAS-No. : 29514-94-1
Product code : 6362-2-03
Formula : C4F8O3S

Synonyms : 2-Fluorosulfonyltetrafluoroethyl trifluorovinyl ether

Other means of identification : MFCD24842690

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemicals

Manufacture of substances

Scientific research and development

1.3. Supplier

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. Inc.

P.O. Box 309

Alachua, FL, Alachua, 32615 United States of America

T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097

info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

H315

Causes skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

H319

Causes serious eye irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1

H370

Causes damage to organs

Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3,

H335

May cause respiratory irritation

Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure

Full text of H statements : see section 16

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)





Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : H315 - Causes skin irritation

H319 - Causes serious eye irritation

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Precautionary statements (GHS US)

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H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H370 - Causes damage to organs

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

: P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor.

P312 - Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell

P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 - Store locked up.

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

No additional information available

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride (Main constituent)	CAS-No.: 29514-94-1	≤ 100	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 1, H370 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

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First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of skin contact, wearing rubber gloves rub 2.5% calcium gluconate gel continuously into the affected

area for 1.5 hours or until further medical care is available. Get immediate medical

advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth

out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms
Symptoms/effects

Symptoms/effects after inhalation

: Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2)

and/or in section 11.

n : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically. Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alco

: Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. Dry powder. Water spray. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard

: Thermal decomposition generates: Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Sulfur oxides.

Explosion hazard

Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed

containers.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions

: In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.

Protection during firefighting

: Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

No additional information available

6.1.2. For emergency responders

No additional information available

6.2. Environmental precautions

This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into drains, sewers, waterways, or soil. Do not use where release to drains (sewer) and/or surface water cannot be prevented.

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6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and

entry into drains, sewers, waterways, or soil. Do not use where release to drains (sewer) and/or

surface water cannot be prevented.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion-

proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into

appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.

Other information : For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

No additional information available

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area. Store ONLY in areas where release to drains (sewer)

and/or surface water can be prevented. This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Any possible release to the environment must be prevented. Notify authorities if product enters

sewers or public waters.

Special rules on packaging : Do not store in glass.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride (29514-94-1)

No additional information available

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection

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Personal protective equipment symbol(s):









Other information:

Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Color No data available Odor : No data available : No data available Odor threshold рΗ : No data available Melting point : No data available Freezing point : No data available Boiling point : No data available Flash point : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available : 495,96 g/mol Molecular mass Solubility : No data available Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available : No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : No data available : No data available Viscosity, kinematic No data available Viscosity, dynamic **Explosion limits** No data available

9.2. Other information

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with acids liberates toxic gas. Contact with water liberates toxic gas.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

No data available

No data available

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10.5. Incompatible materials

Acids. Amines. Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified Not classified Acute toxicity (dermal) Acute toxicity (inhalation) Not classified

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitization Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified Carcinogenicity Not classified Reproductive toxicity Not classified

STOT-single exposure Causes damage to organs. May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT-repeated exposure May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not classified No data available Viscosity, kinematic

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys). The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) Symptoms/effects

Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference

and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough,

shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride (29514-94-1)

Persistence and degradability Not readily biodegradable. May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. PBT -Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride (29514-94-1)

Perfluorinated alkanes (PFAs, "forever chemicals") are long lasting, widely used chemicals that Bioaccumulative potential break down slowly over time. The potential hazards of PFAs are under investigation and have not been established.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

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12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal recommendations

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations Additional information

Ecology - waste materials

- Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers or waterways. See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.
- See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal. See the EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal.
 - EPA's Interim Guidance on PFAS Destruction and Disposal (Dec. 18, 2020 | https://downloads.regulations.gov/EPA-HQ-OLEM-2020-0527-0002/content.pdf). The National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, Public Law No: 116-92 (hereafter, "FY 2020 NDAA"), was signed into law on December 19, 2019. Section 7361 of the FY 2020 NDAA directs the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) to publish interim guidance on the destruction and disposal of perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) and materials containing PFAS. This interim guidance fulfills that direction. EPA will review the interim guidance at least every 3 years and revise it, if appropriate based on the availability of new information or other factors.

This material is considered to be a "Forever chemical". Prevent any possible release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains. Take all necessary measures to prevent accidental discharge of products into drains and waterways due to the rupture of containers or transfer systems, or emergency response.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number

Not regulated for transport

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Not regulated Proper Shipping Name (TDG) Not regulated Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) Not regulated Proper Shipping Name (IATA) Not regulated

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : Not regulated

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : Not regulated

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : Not regulated

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : Not regulated

14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) Not regulated Packing group (TDG) Not regulated Packing group (IMDG) Not regulated : Not regulated Packing group (IATA)

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14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

14.6. Special precautions for user

DOT

Not regulated

TDG

Not regulated

IMDG

Not regulated

IATA

Not regulated

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Perfluoro(3-oxapent-4-ene)sulfonyl fluoride (29514-94-1)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer, developmental and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of H-phrases				
H315	Causes skin irritation			
H319	Causes serious eye irritation			
H335	May cause respiratory irritation			

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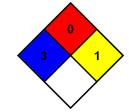
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Full text of H-phrases		
H370	Causes damage to organs	
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure	

NFPA health hazard : 3 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause serious or permanent injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn under typical fire conditions, including intrinsically noncombustible materials such as concrete, stone, and sand.

NFPA reactivity : 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



Hazard Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo hazardous

polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Indication of changes:					
Section	Changed item	Change	Comments		
2.1	Hazard labels (IMDG)		Changed corrosive warning to health warning. Sulfonyl fluorides were found not to be as corrosive as previously expected.		

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), USA