

Safety Data Sheet 6662725 according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 12/17/2015 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification 1.1. Identification Product form	
Product form	
	: Substance
Substance name	: 2,5-Difluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride
CAS No	: 26120-86-5
Product code	: 6662-7-25
Formula	: C6H3CIF2O2S
Other means of identification	: MFCD00060682
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the sub	ostance or mixture and uses advised against
Use of the substance/mixture	: Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety	y data sheet
SynQuest Laboratories, Inc. P.O. Box 309 Alachua, FL 32615 - United States of America T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097 info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com 1.4. Emergency telephone number	om
Emergency number	: (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)
	. (644) 525-4660 (SE Company - Account 10069)
SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification	1
2.1. Classification of the substance or	
Classification (GHS-US)	
Skin Corr. 1B H314 - Causes severe skin bu Eye Dam. 1 H318 - Causes serious eye da	
STOT SE 3 H335 - May cause respiratory Full text of H-phrases: see section 16	
,,	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labeling	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 2.2. Label elements	
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labeling	rirritation
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16 2.2. Label elements GHS-US labeling Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)	r irritation

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2.3.	Other hazards			
No addi	No additional information available			
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)				
Not applicable				
SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients				
3.1.	Substance			
Substance type : Mono-constituent				
Name		Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
	uorobenzenesulfonyl chloride onstituent)	(CAS No) 26120-86-5	<= 100	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Full text	of H-phrases: see section 16	J	I	·
3.2.	Mixture			
Not app	licable			
SECT	ION 4: First aid measures			
4.1.	Description of first aid measures			
First-aic	I measures general :	In case of accident or if you feel unwell, s where possible). Move the affected perso		
First-aid	I measures after inhalation :	Remove person to fresh air and keep co respiration. Get immediate medical advice		ng. If not breathing, give artificial
First-aic	I measures after skin contact :	Wash with plenty of soap and water. Ren medical advice/attention.	nove contaminated c	lothing and shoes. Get immediate
First-aic	I measures after eye contact :	Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with v present and easy to do. Continue rinsing		
First-aic	I measures after ingestion :	Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give any mouth out with water. Get immediate me		•
4.2.	Most important symptoms and effects	, both acute and delayed		
Sympto	ms/injuries :	The most important known symptoms ar 2.2) and/or in section 11.	d effects are describ	ed in the labelling (see section
Sympto				ad una sa as sa instant das st. Courses
	ms/injuries after inhalation :	Material is destructive to tissue of the mushortness of breath, headache, nausea.	icuous membranes a	nd upper respiratory tract. Cougn,
4.3.	ms/injuries after inhalation : Indication of any immediate medical a	shortness of breath, headache, nausea.	icuous membranes a	nd upper respiratory tract. Cougn,
4.3. Treat sy		shortness of breath, headache, nausea.	icuous membranes a	nd upper respiratory tract. Cougn,
Treat sy	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically.	shortness of breath, headache, nausea.	icuous membranes a	nd upper respiratory tract. Cougn,
Treat sy	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically.	shortness of breath, headache, nausea.	icuous membranes a	nd upper respiratory tract. Cougn,
Treat sy SECT 5.1.	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media	shortness of breath, headache, nausea.		
Treat sy SECT 5.1.	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire.		
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the subs	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire.	Dry powder. Water sp	pray. Use extinguishing media
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the substant	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spr	oray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride.
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the subs rard on hazard	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on expos	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the subs rard on hazard	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosion Reacts with water, generates gases or h	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on expos	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic Reactivi 5.3.	Indication of any immediate medical ar mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media special hazards arising from the subsect ard ity Advice for firefighters	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosion Reacts with water, generates gases or h	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on expos ogen gas.	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed sure to water with some metals to
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic Reactivi 5.3. Firefight	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the subsect ard : on hazard : Movie for firefighters ting instructions :	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosion Reacts with water, generates gases or h release highly explosive/flammable hydro	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on exposi ogen gas. remotely due to the ri hing in combination v	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed sure to water with some metals to sk of explosion. vith self contained breathing
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic Reactivi 5.3. Firefight Protecti	Indication of any immediate medical a rmptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media e extinguishing media c extinguishing media special hazards arising from the subs tard on hazard ity Advice for firefighters ting instructions on during firefighting	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosion Reacts with water, generates gases or h release highly explosive/flammable hydro In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire Wear gas tight chemically protective clot apparatus. For further information refer t	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on exposi ogen gas. remotely due to the ri hing in combination v	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed sure to water with some metals to sk of explosion. vith self contained breathing
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic Reactivi 5.3. Firefight Protecti	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media special hazards arising from the subsection stard on hazard ity Advice for firefighters ting instructions on during firefighting ION 6: Accidental release measure	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosiv Reacts with water, generates gases or h release highly explosive/flammable hydro In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire Wear gas tight chemically protective clot apparatus. For further information refer t	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spra re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on exposi ogen gas. remotely due to the ri hing in combination v	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed sure to water with some metals to sk of explosion. vith self contained breathing
Treat sy SECT 5.1. Suitable 5.2. Fire haz Explosic Reactivi 5.3. Firefigh Protecti SECT 6.1.	Indication of any immediate medical a mptomatically. ION 5: Firefighting measures Extinguishing media e extinguishing media Special hazards arising from the subsect card on hazard ity Advice for firefighters ting instructions on during firefighting ION 6: Accidental release measure Personal precautions, protective equip	shortness of breath, headache, nausea. ttention and special treatment needed Alcohol resistant foam. Carbon dioxide. I appropriate for surrounding fire. tance or mixture Thermal decomposition generates: Carb Sulfur oxides. Risk of explosion if heated under confine containers. May form flammable/explosiv Reacts with water, generates gases or h release highly explosive/flammable hydro In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire Wear gas tight chemically protective clot apparatus. For further information refer t	Dry powder. Water sp on oxides. Hydrogen ment. Use water spr re vapor-air mixture. eat. Reacts on exposi- ogen gas. remotely due to the ri hing in combination v o section 8: "Exposur	bray. Use extinguishing media chloride. Hydrogen fluoride. ay or fog for cooling exposed sure to water with some metals to sk of explosion. vith self contained breathing re controls/personal protection".

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

: Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.
6.2. Environmental precautions	
Avoid release to the environment. Notify	authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. Methods and material for cor	ntainment and cleaning up
For containment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.
Methods for cleaning up	Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.
Other information	: For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".
6.4. Reference to other sections	
No additional information available	
SECTION 7: Handling and stor	age
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions	: Keep container closed when not in use. Moisture sensitive. Keep contents under inert gas.
eterage containerie	
Incompatible materials	: Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.

8.1. **Control parameters**

No additional information available

	8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls		: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
	Hand protection	: Protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection.
	Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection.
	Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
	Respiratory protection	: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection.
	Other information	: Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : No data available
Odor : No data available
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point : No data available
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : 221 °C
Flash point: > 110 °C
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

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Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 1.58 g/ml (@ 20 °C)
Molecular mass	: 212.6 g/mol
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
9.2. Other information	

9.2. Other Informat

Refractive index

: 1.516 (@ 20 °C)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reacts with water, generates gases or heat. Reacts on exposure to water with some metals to release highly explosive/flammable hydrogen gas.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Bases. Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information 11.1. Information on toxicological effects : Not classified Acute toxicity Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Serious eye damage/irritation Causes serious eye damage. Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified : Not classified Germ cell mutagenicity Carcinogenicity : Not classified Reproductive toxicity : Not classified Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation. Specific target organ toxicity (repeated : Not classified exposure) : Not classified Aspiration hazard Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

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SECT	ION 12: Ecological information		
12.1.	Toxicity		
No additional information available			
12.2.	Persistence and degradability		
No addi	tional information available		
12.3.	Bioaccumulative potential		
No additional information available			
12.4.	Mobility in soil		
No additional information available			
12.5.	Other adverse effects		
No addi	tional information available		

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations			
13.1. Waste treatment methods			
Waste treatment methods	: Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.		
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.		
Additional information	: Recycle the material as far as possible.		

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT Transport document description

UN-No.(DOT)

Packing group (DOT)

DOT Symbols

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) Hazard labels (DOT)

- : UN3265 Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s., 8, III
- : UN3265
- : Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
- : 8 Class 8 Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136
- : 8 Corrosive



- : III Minor Danger
- DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

- : 203 : 241
- : G Identifies PSN requiring a technical name
- : IB3 Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

T7 - 4 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L (49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75) DOT Vessel Stowage Location

n : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel.

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DOT Vessel Stowage Other	: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
TDG	
No additional information available	
Transport by sea	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 3265
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG)	: III - substances presenting low danger
Air transport	
UN-No. (IATA)	: 3265
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Corrosive liquid, acidic, organic, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	: 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA)	: III - Minor Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

2,5-Difluorobenzenesulfonyl chloride	CAS No 26120-86-5	100%

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

No additional information available

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-phrases:

Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

NFPA health hazard	 3 - Short exposure could cause serious temporary or residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given. 	1
NFPA fire hazard	: 1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.	
NFPA reactivity	: 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions, and are not reactive with water.	

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HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids, solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product nor that the hazard precautions or procedures described are the only ones which exist. SynQuest shall not be held liable or any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.