

Safety Data Sheet M001315

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations Date of issue: 06/13/2016 Version: 1.0

	Date of issue: 06/13/2016 Version: 1.0	
<b>SECTION 1: Identifi</b>	cation	
1.1. Identification		
Product form	: Substance	
Substance name	: Hexafluorophosphoric acid, 65% in wat	er
Product code	: M001-3-15	
Synonyms	: Hydrogen hexafluorophosphate	
1.2. Relevant identi	fied uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised agai	nst
Use of the substance/mixt	ure : Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development	
1.3. Details of the s	upplier of the safety data sheet	
SynQuest Laboratories, In P.O. Box 309 Alachua, FL 32615 - Unite T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) info@synquestlabs.com - 1.4. Emergency tele	d States of America ) 462-7097	
Emergency number	: (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Accour	nt 10069)
SECTION 2: Hazard	(s) identification	
	of the substance or mixture	
Classification (GHS-US)		
Met. Corr. 1 Acute Tox. 2 (Oral) Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal) Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) Skin Corr. 1B Eye Dam. 1 STOT SE 3 Full text of H-phrases: see	<ul> <li>H290 - May be corrosive to metals</li> <li>H300 - Fatal if swallowed</li> <li>H310 - Fatal in contact with skin</li> <li>H331 - Toxic if inhaled</li> <li>H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage</li> <li>H318 - Causes serious eye damage</li> <li>H335 - May cause respiratory irritation</li> <li>section 16</li> </ul>	
2.2. Label elements		
GHS-US labeling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS-		HS07
Signal word (GHS-US)	: Danger	
Hazard statements (GHS-	US) : H290 - May be corrosive to metals H300+H310 - Fatal if swallowed or in o H314 - Causes severe skin burns and H331 - Toxic if inhaled	

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

- H335 May cause respiratory irritation
- : P234 Keep only in original container
- P260 Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors
- P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
- P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
- P301+P310 If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor/...
- P301+P330+P331 If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

	<ul> <li>P310 - Immediately call a POISON C</li> <li>P311 - Call a POISON CENTER or d</li> <li>P321 - Specific treatment (see supple</li> <li>P330 - Rinse mouth</li> <li>P361 - Take off immediately all conta</li> <li>P363 - Wash contaminated clothing b</li> <li>P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent ma</li> <li>P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilate</li> <li>P405 - Store locked up</li> <li>P406 - Store in corrosive resistant co</li> <li>P501 - Dispose of contents/container</li> </ul>	loctor/physician emental first aid instru aminated clothing before reuse aterial damage ed place. Keep contain ontainer with a resista	uctions on this label) ner tightly closed nt inner liner
.3. Other hazards			
Other hazards not contributing to the lassification	: Reacts violently with water.		
2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)			
Not applicable			
SECTION 3: Composition/informati	on on ingredients		
3.1. Substance			
lame	: Hexafluorophosphoric acid, 65% in w	vater	
Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Hexafluorophosphoric acid	(CAS No) 16940-81-1	55 - 65	Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	33 - 38	Not classified
Hydrofluoric acid	(CAS No) 7664-39-3	7 - 9	Acute Tox. 2 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal), H310 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Fluorophosphoric acid	(CAS No) 13537-32-1	0 - 1	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation), H330 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Difluorophosphoric acid	(CAS No) 13779-41-4	0 - 1	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Phosphoric acid	(CAS No) 7664-38-2	0 - 1	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335
Full text of H-phrases: see section 16			
B.2. Mixture			
Not applicable			
SECTION 4: First aid measures			
I.1. Description of first aid measures			
First-aid measures general	: In case of accident or if you feel unwe where possible). Move the affected p		
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove person to fresh air and keep respiration. Get immediate medical a		thing. If not breathing, give artificial
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. contact, wearing rubber gloves rub 2. area for 1.5 hours or until further med	.5% calcium gluconat	e gel continuously into the affected

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

advice/attention.

: Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

4.2.	Most important symptoms and effect	s, both acute and delayed
Sympton	ns/injuries	: The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.
Sympton	ns/injuries after inhalation	: Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.
4.3.	Indication of any immediate medical	attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

SECT	ION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1.	Extinguishing media	
Suitable	e extinguishing media	: Dry powder. Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.
5.2.	Special hazards arising from the su	ibstance or mixture
Fire hazard : Thermal decomposition generates: Hydrogen fluoride. Ph		: Thermal decomposition generates: Hydrogen fluoride. Phosphorus oxides.
Explosi	on hazard	: Risk of explosion if heated under confinement. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
5.3.	Advice for firefighters	
Firefigh	ting instructions	: In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion.
Protecti	on during firefighting	: Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

SECTION	N 6: Accidental release measu	Ires
6.1. P	Personal precautions, protective equi	pment and emergency procedures
General me	easures	: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray.
6.1.1. F	or non-emergency personnel	
Emergency	procedures	Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.
6.1.2. F	or emergency responders	
Protective e	equipment	: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency	procedures	: Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.
6.2. E	invironmental precautions	
Avoid relea	se to the environment. Notify authorities	s if product enters sewers or public waters.
6.3. N	lethods and material for containmen	t and cleaning up
For contain	ment	: Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.
Methods for	r cleaning up	: Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.
Other inform	nation	: For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".
6.4. R	Reference to other sections	
No addition	al information available	
SECTION	N 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. P	Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions	s for safe handling	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene me	easures	: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.
72 0	onditions for sofe storage, including	any incompatibilities

7.2.	Conditions for safe storage, include	ing any incompatibilities
Technica	al measures	: Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage	conditions	: Keep container closed when not in use.
Incompa	tible materials	: Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.
Storage	temperature	: 2 - 8 °C Use explosion proof refrigerator

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

- Prohibitions on mixed storage : Do not store with: Acids.
- Storage area

- : Store in dry, well-ventilated area.
- Special rules on packaging
- : Do not store in glass.

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

8.1. **Control parameters** 

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	1 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)		
ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.50 ppm
ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	2 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, LRT, skin, & eye irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm
OSHA	Remark (OSHA)	(2) See Table Z-2.

8.2. Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Hand protection	: Protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection.
Other information	: Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties		
9.1. Information on basic physical and ch	emical properties	
Physical state	: Liquid	
Color	: Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s): Colorless Clear	
Odor	<ul> <li>There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.</li> <li>Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour(s): sharp</li> </ul>	
Odor threshold	: No data available	
рН	: No data available	
Melting point	: No data available	
Freezing point	: No data available	
Boiling point	: No data available	
Flash point	: No data available	
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available	
Explosion limits	: No data available	
Explosive properties	: No data available	
Oxidizing properties	: No data available	
Vapor pressure	: No data available	
Relative density	: No data available	
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available	

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Specific gravity / density	: 1.75 g/ml (@ 20 °C)
Solubility	: Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture : •: 750 - 850 g/l (at 20 °C) •: 719.8 g/l (at 20 °C)
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
9.2. Other information	

No additional information available

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity** 

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional information available

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkali metals. Finely divided metals (Al, Mg, Zn). Metals. Acids. Bases. Glass. Strong oxidizing agents. Water.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Oral: Fatal if swallowed. Dermal: Fatal in contact with skin. Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled.

Water (7732-18-5)			
LD50 oral rat	> 90 ml/kg		
Fluorophosphoric acid (13537-32-1)			
ATE US (oral)	100.000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	300.000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	100.000 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	0.500 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.050 mg/l/4h		
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)			
LD50 oral rat	1530 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	2740 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 850 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time	1 h)	
ATE US (oral)	1530.000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	2740.000 mg/kg body weight		
Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)			
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.79 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 ł	n)	
ATE US (oral)	5.000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (dermal)	5.000 mg/kg body weight		
ATE US (gases)	100.000 ppmV/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	0.790 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.790 mg/l/4h		
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns ar	d eye damage.	
12/08/2016	EN (English US)	SDS ID: M001315	5/10

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

SECT	ION 12: Ecological information
40.4	

12.1. Toxicity

Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)		
EC50	Daphnia 1	270 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia species)
12.2.	Persistence and degradability	

No additional information available

#### 12.3. **Bioaccumulative potential**

Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)		
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation)	
Log Pow	-1.4	
12.4. Mobility in soil		

No additional information available

#### 12.5. Other adverse effects : No known ecological damage caused by this product. Effect on the global warming

<b>SECTION 13: Disposal consideratio</b>	ns
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste treatment methods Waste disposal recommendations Additional information	<ul> <li>Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.</li> <li>Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.</li> <li>Recycle the material as far as possible.</li> </ul>
SECTION 14: Transport information	
Department of Transportation (DOT)	

UN-No.(DOT)	:	UN1782
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	:	Hexafluorophosphoric acid
Transport hazard class(es) (DOT)	:	8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Hazard labels (DOT)	: 8 - Corrosive
	8
Packing group (DOT)	: II - Medium Danger
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 202
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: 242
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)	: A6 - For combination packaging, if plastic inner packaging are used, they must be packed in tightly closed metal receptacles before packing in outer packaging.
	A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.
	B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are
	not authorized. IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite
	(31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110
	kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized. N3 - Glass inner packaging are permitted in combination or composite packaging only if the
	hazardous material is free from hydrofluoric acid.
	N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is
	normally in contact with the hazardous material. T8 - 4 178.274(d)(2) NormalProhibited
	TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the
	following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of
	cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and
	the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For
	liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C
	(59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
	TP12 - This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)	: None
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	: 1L
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49	: 301
CFR 175.75)	
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a
	passenger vessel.
Other information	: No supplementary information available.
TDG	
No additional information available	
Transport by sea	
UN-No. (IMDG)	: 1782
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	: HEXAFLUOROPHOSPHORIC ACID
Class (IMDG)	: 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG)	: II - substances presenting medium danger
Air transport	
UN-No. (IATA)	: 1782
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	: Hexafluorophosphoric acid
Class (IATA)	: 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA)	: II - Medium Danger
SECTION 15: Populatory information	
SECTION 15: Regulatory information	
15.1. US Federal regulations	

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory except for:

Fluorophosphoric acid

CAS No 13537-32-1

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

0 - 1%

Safety Data Sheet according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

_			
	Hydrofluoric acid	CAS No 7664-39-3	7 - 9%

Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)		
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	100 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	
15.2. International regulations		
CANADA		
Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)		

WHMIS Classification	Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria		
Difluorophosphoric acid (13779-41-4)			
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)			
Hexafluorophosphoric acid (16940-81-1)			
Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)			
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)			
WHMIS Classification Class E - Corrosive Material			
Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)			
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Sustances List)			
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material		

EU-Regulations No additional information available

#### **National regulations**

Water (7732-18-5)		
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)		
Fluorophosphoric acid (13537-32-1)		
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)		
Difluorophosphoric acid (13779-41-4)		
Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)		
Hexafluorophosphoric acid (16940-81-1)		
Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law) Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)		

### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

hosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
isted on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) isted on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) isted on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory isted on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) isted on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) isted on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) isted on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) isted on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances) isted on Turkish inventory of chemical	
lydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)	
isted on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances) isted on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China) isted on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory isted on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List) isted on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) isted on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances) apanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law apanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law) isted on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List) isted on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances) isted on Turkish inventory of chemical	

#### 15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

Fluorophosphoric acid	(13537-32-1)
-----------------------	--------------

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Difluorophosphoric acid (13779-41-4)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

### Hexafluorophosphoric acid (16940-81-1)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Hydrofluoric acid (7664-39-3)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) Environmental Hazard List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

cute Tox. 1 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 1
Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 2
Acute Tox. 2 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

	residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.
NFPA fire hazard	: 0 - Materials that will not burn.
NFPA reactivity	: 2 - Normally unstable and readily undergo violent decomposition but do not detonate. Also: may react violently with water or may form potentially explosive mixtures with water.
HMIS III Rating	
Health	: 4 Severe Hazard - Life-threatening, major or permanent damage may result from single or repeated overexposures
	* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 2 Moderate Hazard - Materials that are unstable and may undergo violent chemical changes at normal temperature and pressure with low risk for explosion. Materials may react violently with water or form peroxides upon exposure to air.

#### SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product nor that the hazard precautions or procedures described are the only ones which exist. SynQuest shall not be held liable or any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.