

Bromine trifluoride

Safety Data Sheet M035A03

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 07/02/2019 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form	: Substance
Substance name	: Bromine trifluoride
CAS No	: 7787-71-5
Product code	: M035-A-03
Formula	: BrF ₃
Synonyms	: Bromine fluoride (BrF ₃) / Trifluorobromine(III) / Bromine trifluoride (BrF ₃)
Other means of identification	: MFCD00042533

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture	: Laboratory chemicals Manufacture of substances Scientific research and development
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1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SynQuest Laboratories, Inc.
P.O. Box 309
Alachua, FL 32615 - United States of America
T (386) 462-0788 - F (386) 462-7097
info@synquestlabs.com - www.synquestlabs.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : (844) 523-4086 (3E Company - Account 10069)

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

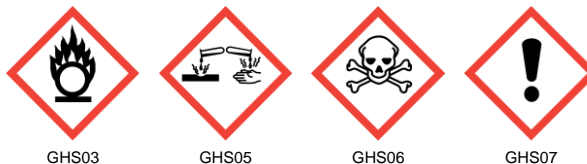
Ox. Liq. 1	H271 - May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidiser
Acute Tox. 1 (Oral)	H300 - Fatal if swallowed
Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal)	H310 - Fatal in contact with skin
Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation)	H330 - Fatal if inhaled
Skin Corr. 1B	H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Eye Dam. 1	H318 - Causes serious eye damage
STOT SE 3	H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :



Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H271 - May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer
H300+H310+H330 - Fatal if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P210 - Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking
P220 - Keep/Store away from clothing/.../combustible materials
P221 - Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles/...
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray
P262 - Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing
P264 - Wash skin thoroughly after handling
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection
P283 - Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing
P284 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

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P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor/...
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P306+P360 - If on clothing: Rinse immediately contaminated clothing and skin with plenty of water before removing clothes
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician
P320 - Specific treatment is urgent (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)
P321 - Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instructions on this label)
P330 - Rinse mouth
P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish
P371+P380+P375 - In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification : Reacts violently with water. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Contact with water liberates toxic gas. Reacts exothermically with water (moisture).

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Bromine trifluoride (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 7787-71-5	<= 100	Ox. Liq. 1, H271 Acute Tox. 1 (Oral), H300 Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal), H310 Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible). Move the affected personnel away from the contaminated area. In case of skin contact, wearing rubber gloves rub 2.5% calcium gluconate gel continuously into the affected area for 1.5 hours or until further medical care is available.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. In case of skin contact, wearing rubber gloves rub 2.5% calcium gluconate gel continuously into the affected area for 1.5 hours or until further medical care is available. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth out with water. Get immediate medical advice/attention.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : The most important known symptoms and effects are described in the labelling (see section 2.2) and/or in section 11.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

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4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Absorption of excessive F- can result in acute systemic fluorosis with hypocalcemia, interference with various metabolic functions and organ damage (heart, liver, kidneys).

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire. Water spray.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Hydrogen bromide. Hydrogen fluoride.
Explosion hazard : Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.
Reactivity : Alkali metals. Reacts violently with water. May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : In case of fire: Evacuate area. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.
Protection during firefighting : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Ensure adequate air ventilation. Do not breathe gas, fumes, vapor or spray.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".
Emergency procedures : Gas/vapor heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Stop leak if safe to do so. Dike for recovery or absorb with appropriate material.
Methods for cleaning up : Take up large spills with pump or vacuum and finish with dry chemical absorbent. Use explosion-proof equipment. Take up small spills with dry chemical absorbent. Sweep or shovel spills into appropriate container for disposal. Ventilate area.
Other information : For disposal of solid materials or residues refer to section 13 : "Disposal considerations".

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Do not breathe fumes, mist, spray, vapors. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Comply with applicable regulations.
Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use. Moisture sensitive. Keep contents under inert gas.
Incompatible materials : Refer to Section 10 on Incompatible Materials.
Storage area : Store in dry, cool, well-ventilated area.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

No additional information available

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8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Hand protection	: Protective gloves. 29 CFR 1910.138: Hand Protection.
Eye protection	: Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Face shield. 29 CFR 1910.133: Eye and Face Protection.
Skin and body protection	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Respiratory protection	: In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. 29 CFR 1910.134: Respiratory Protection.
Other information	: Safety shoes. 29 CFR 1910.136: Foot Protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Color	: No data available
Odor	: No data available
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Melting point	: 8.77 °C
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 127 °C
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: 18 mm Hg (at 39 °C)
Relative density	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 2.8 g/ml (@ 20 °C)
Molecular mass	: 136.899 g/mol
Solubility	: No data available
Log Pow	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Alkali metals. Reacts violently with water. May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable at normal handling and storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Reacts violently with water.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Moisture.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Organic materials. Oxidizing agents. Alkali metal salts. Water. Metal oxides. Organometallic compounds. Peroxides. Halogens.

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10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire, see Section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Oral: Fatal if swallowed. Dermal: Fatal in contact with skin. Inhalation: Fatal if inhaled.

Bromine trifluoride (7787-71-5)	
ATE US (oral)	0.500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	5.000 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	10.000 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.050 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	0.005 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified
Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified
Carcinogenicity : Not classified
Reproductive toxicity : Not classified
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) : Not classified
Aspiration hazard : Not classified
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract. Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

No additional information available

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber.
Waste disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Additional information : Recycle the material as far as possible.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1746 Bromine trifluoride, 5.1, I

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1746

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Bromine trifluoride

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Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 5.1 - Class 5.1 - Oxidizer 49 CFR 173.128
Hazard labels (DOT) : 5.1 - Oxidizer
6.1 - Poison
8 - Corrosive



Packing group (DOT) : I - Great Danger
DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 228
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 244
DOT Symbols : + - Fixes (cannot be altered) proper shipping name, hazard class, and packing group
DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : 2 - This material is poisonous by inhalation (see 171.8 of this subchapter) in Hazard Zone B (see 173.116(a) or 173.133(a) of this subchapter), and must be described as an inhalation hazard under the provisions of this subchapter.
B9 - Bottom outlets are not authorized.
B14 - Each bulk packaging, except a tank car or a multi-unit-tank car tank, must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials must not promote corrosion to steel when wet.
B32 - MC 312, MC 330, MC 331, DOT 412 cargo tanks and DOT 51 portable tanks must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of 173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for tank shell and heads for cargo tanks and portable tanks must be the greater of 6.35 mm (0.250 inch) or the thickness required for a tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.3 times the vapor pressure of the lading at 46 C (115 F). In addition, MC 312 and DOT 412 cargo tank motor vehicles must: a. Be ASME Code (U) stamped for 100% radiography of all pressure-retaining welds; b. Have accident damage protection which conforms with 178.3458 of this subchapter; c. Have a MAWP or design pressure of at least 87 psig; and d. Have a bolted man way cover.
T22 - 10 10 mm Prohibited 178.275(g)(3).
TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.
TP12 - This material is considered highly corrosive to steel.
TP13 - Self-contained breathing apparatus must be provided when this hazardous material is transported by sea.
TP38 - Each portable tank must be insulated with an insulating material so that the overall thermal conductance at 15.5 C (60 F) is no more than 1.5333 kilojoules per hour per square meter per degree Celsius (0.075 Btu per hour per square foot per degree Fahrenheit) temperature differential. Insulating materials may not promote corrosion to steel when wet.
TP45 - Each portable tank must be made of stainless steel, except that steel other than stainless steel may be used in accordance with the provisions of 173.24b(b) of this subchapter. Thickness of stainless steel for portable tank shells and heads must be the greater of 6.35 mm (0.250 inch) or the thickness required for a portable tank with a design pressure at least equal to 1.3 times the vapor pressure of the hazardous material at 46 C (115 F).
DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : None
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : Forbidden
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : Forbidden
DOT Vessel Stowage Location : D - The material must be stowed "on deck only" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 25 - Shade from radiant heat, 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters", 66 - Stow "separated from" flammable solids, 90 - Stow "separated from" radioactive materials
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 144
Other information : No supplementary information available.

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TDG

No additional information available

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1746
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : BROMINE TRIFLUORIDE
Class (IMDG) : 5.1 - Oxidizer
Packing group (IMDG) : I - substances presenting high danger

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1746
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Bromine trifluoride
Class (IATA) : 5.1 - Oxidizing Substances

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Bromine trifluoride (7787-71-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Bromine trifluoride (7787-71-5)

Listed on the Canadian NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

Bromine trifluoride (7787-71-5)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)
Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)
Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)
Listed on INSQ (Mexican national Inventory of Chemical Substances)

15.3. US State regulations

Bromine trifluoride (7787-71-5)

State or local regulations	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
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California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

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Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 1 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 1
Acute Tox. 1 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 1
Acute Tox. 1 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 1
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Ox. Liq. 1	Oxidizing liquids Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H271	May cause fire or explosion; strong oxidizer
H300	Fatal if swallowed
H310	Fatal in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation

NFPA health hazard

: 4 - Very short exposure could cause death or serious residual injury even though prompt medical attention was given.

NFPA fire hazard

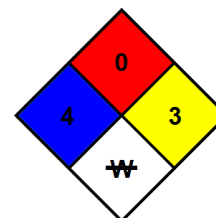
: 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 3 - Capable of detonation or explosive reaction, but requires a strong initiating source or must be heated under confinement before initiation, or reacts explosively with water.

NFPA specific hazard

: W - Unusual reactivity with water. This indicates a potential hazard using water to fight a fire involving this material. When a compound is both water-reactive and an oxidizer, the W/bar symbol should go in this quadrant and the OX warning is placed immediately below the NFPA diamond.



HMIS III Rating

Health : 4 Severe Hazard - Life-threatening, major or permanent damage may result from single or repeated overexposures

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 3 Serious Hazard - Materials that may form explosive mixtures with water and are capable of detonation or explosive reaction in the presence of a strong initiating source. Materials may polymerize, decompose, self-react, or undergo other chemical change at normal temperature and pressure with moderate risk of explosion

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The above information is believed to be correct but does not purport to be all inclusive and shall be used only as a guide. The information in this document is based on the present state of our knowledge and is offered solely for your consideration, investigation, and verification. It does not represent any guarantee of the properties of the product nor that the hazard precautions or procedures described are the only ones which exist. SynQuest shall not be held liable or any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.